THE SHIRETOWN CONSERVER

The Dover Foxoroft Historical Society Newsletter

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DAILY LIFE WAS A STRUGGLE FOR FIRST SETTLERS

by Jim Annis

Having been an 18th century reenactor since 1975, I look at Dover-Foxcroft in a different way than most people do. I like to envision the town with the eyes of a visitor who lived 200 years ago.

Of course, Dover and Foxcroft weren't settled until 1803 and then only by one family, Eli Towne, his wife and their 13 month old son.

Like me, most people are curious: What did they eat? What did they wear? What did they live in? Why did they do it? What did they gain?

These are very real questions and only by research into 18th century documents dealing with colonial life can we gather some facts to obtain the answers. This kind of documentation is rare, because any individual who kept a diary or log about their daily life during that period didn't consider the above questions important enough to document. It would use up precious ink, pen and paper, and time. Their logs usually dealt with everyday occurrences.

In Lou Stevens book *Dover-Foxcroft: A History*, he reports that Eli Towne raised corn and potatoes in East Dover. These staples, along with game taken from the surrounding forests,

could easily provide sustenance for his family. The potatoes would be stored in a root cellar, the corn dried, and the game dried or salted in barrels. This was the only form of food storage recognized in the 18th century. Canning didn't come along until the 19th century.

Living quarters for the first year would, more likely than not, be nothing more than a large area dug into the ground with a roof of timbers and sod to keep out the weather. Later on, a more substantial building of logs, wood rafters and wooden shingles would be built.

Generally in the center of the building there would be a very large stump which served as a table — and with the constant insistence of his "dear wife," a man could build a floor of wooden planks or half-round logs, which would replace the dirt floor she had to endure for so long. This addition would make sweeping the floor more productive, as you can plainly see.

Keeping in mind that clothing of the period didn't come from a local department store, we wonder how the settlers made the clothing they brought with them last. If a person were lucky, he or she had replacement clothing, but very little more. Clothing of the period was made from linen or wool, spun on spinning wheels and loomed into fabric. This was a long and tedious process requiring many hours of labor and the time spent was fit into and around other necessary work.

Despite the many demands of farm life and unrelenting, tedious chores, families who traveled into the heart of Maine found the freedom to determine their own futures unbounded by communal urban life.

WANTED!

❖ A very generous member willing to donate money to allow the Historical Society to carpet the first two rooms in The Observer Building. The carpet there is in sad, sad repair; its seams are held down by tape.

We have received a quote of approximately \$850 required to install new commercial carpet .

Can You Help?

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MESSAGE FROM MARY

Things are looking great at The Observer Building. It now has a new coat of paint outside — white with green trim. The building certainly looks nice and stands out at the head of Union Square. We have given the second room inside two coats of paint, a neutral creamy beige, thanks to volunteer labor. This winter we are planning to set up permanent displays.

Last summer, The Observer Building was officially listed on The National Register of Historic Places. The nomination went through quickly and without a hitch. The Register must

feel our building deserves this honor.

We now wind down our activities for 1998 and will spend this quiet time working in the museum, organizing and cataloging. Many wonderful items came our way this year.

We would love to hear from all our members with ideas, stories and articles for our newsletter, *The Shiretown Conserver*. Your input makes the newsletter interesting. �



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-AND-

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CHAS. J. BOYNTON, Prop.

Dover, Dec. 25, 1873.





Nathaniel Hopkin's Brick Store

by Madelyn C. Betts

According to the deeds recorded at the Piscataquis County Court House, on August 14, 1834, John Bradbury purchased land "partly in Dover and partly in Foxcroft" — the Piscataquis River is not the boundary between the two towns — with the stipulation that if Stevens paid Mr. Bradbury for three notes totaling \$320 plus interest "this deed would be void." There was no mention of a building in this deed.

Obviously Mr. Bradbury retained possession, for on March 14, 1839, he sold the property to Nathaniel Hopkins, who had begun business the previous year. This was a "half acre more or less together with the

store and shop thereon standing."

It is said of Mr. Hopkins that if as many as three customers were in his store at the same time, he was so disturbed and nervous that he would tell one or two of them to go to Frank Dearborn's store across the street. But in spite of that handicap he did a successful business and became well off. He retired from business in 1871 when W.T. Elliott advertised in *The Piscataquis Observer*, in March of that year, that he had taken the store.

On December 12, 1870, in view of his retirement, Mr. Hopkin sold the property to George Meder for \$2,575, "reserving to said Mr. Hopkins the use of his garden for cultivation without rent so long as he

occupied his present homestead." Possibly this was the rent over the store.

George Meder conveyed title to Olney Higgins on June 13, 1907. At that time, the store was occupied by L.B. Poole, a clothing merchant. On May 19, 1911, Mr. Higgins sold the property to George Babson, and in 1920 the building passed to the ownership of Wilbur E. Barney "by right of dower title by decent" from William C. Woodbury and Mrs. Mary Whittredge.

From that time on to 1951, the building was occupied by the grocery store of Wilbur E. Barney and Company. Then George Stacy purchased the grocery, continuing the business. R. J. Koritsky purchased it in 1961. In 1983, Harold Preble bought the building for his radio shop, and so ownership came eventually to Charles Fitzgerald. Today, it houses the Dover House of Pizza.

What would Mr. Nathaniel Hopkins think today? *

of bod fray for my to comfort, and suport us in carred on in the army there is a great deal of sin the cumming strugte that is some to come Sam sorry to say, the is a great deal of wiekedness

Aless them and be with them, O God Spare my ? So may the bleadings of God ever rest this Throng, to feel willing to suffer nel upon you all, and may you last days

This is from your clear den Alonzo. Z. Parsons.



Oo. B. 20th Rogt. Me. Vols. Dear Skilher -Camp Buffahannoch Station

country southern play for my and fray for our con Bost. No. Vois. Dear The there we have to go feet and bring me out you would like to hear a word from me before the great and holy many bully and to give my left feet upon the balleys my leave, with left when I shall get a chance where the most moon for me dear Sather Sather Sather but to marke you again for I don't know where I not I hope soon to meet them in heaven . deal for my country, and I am soiling to but rember my dear wife and children, may sod we have got to go through, we little can tell or know, what we may have to suffer, but we shall be in a few days from now, or what Father I am in good Spirets, I have suffered a god

an while a cause as the new we are ingaged in

Joy and not with great, that I mile feel willing to give my life charfuly if it so to it yet God knows test his he that givethe to be yet life is sweet and un seem tooling is death, a I hope I shall must it with that is required of me to Suffer even of it

and quite a mimber that was going astray O may the God of ballles go with us, and have been brought to back unto the fold of so may me put our trust in him, and look to The daw little prayer meetings eny evening soon be restored to our now distracted to the to help our en this little work, but as we may have to pass through, for some most Querounded with endes and sind of all kinds, may crown no with success and give us We have no bed ling got with no but not my heave cannot we must by and do somthing our sofall and we know not who it may be, Christs we should be glad to have a trighen him for help, for we know not what we my mind first rate this spring, I have tide Lout it is a hard lying place for a christin to live near Sod and derne him as I had oug. him all will be well, dear Father I enjoy Learounded with entes and sim of all kinds. what is for the best, but there is one that and test to that takethe away, we little know -selves and with Sods help I hope our little meetings will be the means of dowing done sullit all though, and if we put our brust in -good, which I feel to hope and trust they tell them they are not pergeter, I should and thase is quite a intrest fell, thave the 6 hurch to rember 111 in their prayers leke to be with them, but as I cannot they have, pray for 110 clear Hallur, and lell is some I think met well a change

we feel the need of your prayers at the present made desolate by this cruel wer, but O are me prepared to meet deaths that is the quest thave are donne lawing very weeked in the arms and friay they may ever prosper and grow ingrem Christ, rember me in your prayer and rember a fughting the battles of our beloved Country and fray for our bleeding country that Sod how many than are in the full enjoyment win, O I fear than are mong that are not; and in the Abength and knowledge of Jesus time, as we are about now to go into battle will ever be rembered in my prayers, and I hope and all, who are far away from our homes of health now well soon be cut down in a momenty time, and their dies himes

SOUTH DOVER MEETING HOUSE

The first church was organized June 20, 1818, then the only church organization in the town of Dover, and consisted of only six members. The first settled pastor of the church was Elder Nathaniel Robinson in 1822. Under his care, the church grew very rapidly. At one time, the members numbered more than seventy. The church was connected with the Penobscot Baptist Association, and members held meetings in Isaac Lambert's barn.

In the year 1838, a meeting house was erected and finished on the outside, completed the next year, and dedicated in September 1839.

In 1826, a Free Baptist Church was organized in the same neighborhood, having bought one-half of the meeting house and the congregations used it alternately, each having preaching one-half the time.

Information was compiled by the late Mary Averill, librarian at Thompson Free Library.

TEST YOUR MAINE LINGO

Can you match these words to their correct meanings?

- 1. shrub a. Metal pin used to shorten a chain.
- drover b. Also called a "withe" the knotty birch sprout used to lick unruly young scholars.
- 3. jag c. Cattle buyer who bought herds of cattle and flocks of sheep from farmers and drove them over the highways to market.
- 4. pistol d. Small wooden pail; might hold just enough blueberries to make a pie.
- ferule e. Load of firewood packed so tightly in the wagon that one more piece would slide off.
- piggin f. Thick flour pudding full of raisens or plums and steamed or boiled; also means something extra or a little different.
- 7. loom g. Small child's sled, sometimes a barrel stave rigged with a seat.
- fid h. Temperance drink, usually from raspberries, sugar, vinegar and cool spring water.
- jumper i. Lobster that has lost its claw, or both its claws.
- duff j. Loam. It's that rich top-soil you spread on your lawn.

*** Dedication ***

Greeley's new hotel will be open to the public on Wednesday evening next. There will be a grand ball in the evening to which the proprietor invites all dancers and the public to attend. The name of the hotel will be known as The American House, the landlord Mr. H.N. Greeley.

This announcement appeared in The Piscataquis Observer, October 27, 1870. Today, Rowell's Garage stands on The American House site.

ORDER YOUR 1999 HISTORICAL TOWN CALENDARS TODAY!

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- ✓ Third annual issue of an historic collector's item supports society projects.

Here	is my	order	for	calendars.	D
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Cost is \$5.00 each copy (add \$1.24 postage). Enclosed is my payment of \$_____.

Send order to: Jim Annis, Treasurer

The Dover-Foxcroft Historical Society, Inc.

10 Orchard Road

Dover-Foxcroft, ME 04426

Also available in Dover-Foxcroft at the Chamber of Commerce, Dave's World, Mr. Paperback, and Thompson Free Library.

A LETTER TO FATHER - 1864

On April 30, 1864, Alonzo Z. Parsons wrote to his father from Camp Rappahannock Station, Virginia. Records show Parsons belonged to the 12th Regiment Maine Volunteers. This past summer, Clarence and Barbara Herrick of Guilford donated Parson's original letter to the historical society. We want to share it with you.

Of the spring of 1864, Civil War historian Geoffrey C. Ward has written, "Beginning on the old Chancellorsville battlefield on May 5, and continuing without a break for the six bloodiest weeks of the war, Grant tried again and again to get around the right flank of Lee's army, destroy it, then move on to Richmond and end the

war. And again and again, Lee saw what he was trying to do and managed to thwart him. The struggle continued along a 100 mile crescent before the two exhausted armies settled in for a siege at Petersburgh, southeast of (Richmond)... When Grant reached Spotsylvania (on May 5), Lee was waiting for him."

One Union veteran remembered May 11 simply as "the most terrible day I have ever lived."

General Horace Porter wrote: "Trees over a foot and a half in diameter were cut completely in two by the incessant musketry... We had not only shot down an army, we had shot down a forest." The two armies lost 12,000 men at Spotsylvania.

Alonzo was killed on May 17, 1864, just 17 days after writing the letter. He was 28 years old.



Check Your Checkbook!

Does your check register show payment of your 1998-99 dues to the Dover-Foxcroft Historical Society? If not, you are now overdue. On April 1, 1999, \$3 membership dues for 1999-2000 will be due.



Lingo answers: 1.-h., 2.-c., 3.-e., 4.-i, 5.-b., 6.-d., 7.-j., 8.-a., 9.-g., 10.-f.